

TWEEK06. Linear Algebra

Kim, Hyun-Min

Department of Mathematics, Pusan National University

Polynomial Version

Linear System

solve:

$$\begin{cases} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \dots + a_{1n}x_n = b_1 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \dots + a_{2n}x_n = b_2 \\ \dots \\ a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \dots + a_{mn}x_n = b_m \end{cases}$$

aim :

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = s_1 \\ x_2 = s_2 \\ \dots \\ x_n = s_n \end{cases}$$

Possible operation

1. Exchanging two equations
2. Multiplying any nonzero constant
3. Multiplying any nonzero constant and add to another equation

Matrix Version

Linear System \rightarrow Matrix Version

$$\begin{cases} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \dots + a_{1n}x_n = b_1 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \dots + a_{2n}x_n = b_2 \\ \dots \\ a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \dots + a_{mn}x_n = b_m \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & \dots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{bmatrix} \quad (\text{matrix})$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} & b_1 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & \dots & a_{mn} & b_n \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow (\text{using Possible operation})$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{a}_{11} & \dots & \widetilde{a}_{1n} & \widetilde{b}_1 \\ 0 & \dots & \widetilde{a}_{2n} & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & \widetilde{a}_{mn} & \widetilde{b}_n \end{bmatrix} \quad (\text{Upper triangular matrix}) \quad (\text{This is Gaussian elimination})$$

Determinant

$$Ax = b, A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$$

If $\det(A) \neq 0$, then $x = A^{-1}b$

$$\det(A) = a_{i1}(-1)^{i+1} \det(A_{i1}) + a_{i2}(-1)^{i+2} \det(A_{i2}) + \cdots + a_{in}(-1)^{i+n} \det(A_{in})$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij}(-1)^{i+j} \det(A_{ij})$$

Operation Counts of *det*

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} n! \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{1}{k!} : \times \\ n! - 1 : + \end{array} \right.$$